# Electrifying Transportation: Testing the 2030/2040 Goals

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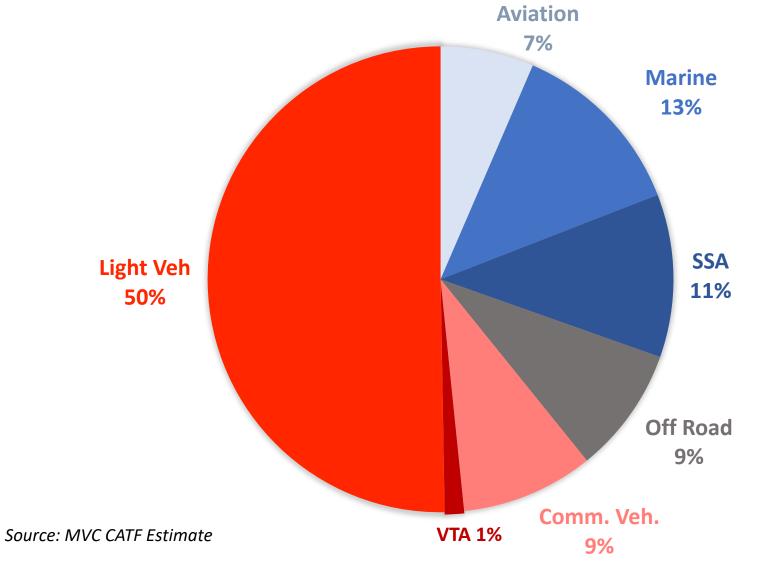
Alan Strahler

## Today's Agenda

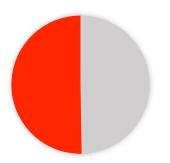
- MV Transportation in 2018
- Possibilities and Challenges by Sector
- The Very Optimistic Scenario
- Conclusions

#### MV CO<sub>2</sub> Emissions from Transportation in 2018

Total = 115,792 Metric Tonnes CO<sub>2</sub>



## Possibilities and Challenges Light Vehicles





- EV automobiles are viable today for many driving applications
  - Should be almost fully competitive in cost and range by 2022-24
  - Light trucks follow by 2-3 years
- "Range anxiety" and access to charging will be main impediments in near term
  - MV needs a public charging strategy for visitors and multi-tenant residences
- Average age of light vehicle in USA = 12 years old
- Education, Experience, Ease of Access are needed to overcome discomfort with new technology

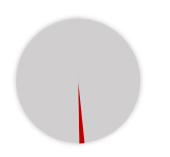
# Possibilities and Challenges Commercial Vehicles





- Early production models of box trucks available today
  - Commitments by UPS, Amazon, FedEx for large scale purchases
- Prototypes of heavy trucks in market today with commercial plans underway.
- High buyer concentration on Martha's Vineyard
  - Education task becomes less daunting
- Charging availability is key to acceptance
  - Large fleet charging facilities could tax electric grid if not anticipated
  - Shared inductive charging stations could be helpful on MV

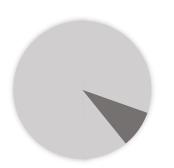
# Possibilities and Challenges Mass Transit



- VTA is implementing plan to go 100% EV by 2027
  - Currently 12 Electric buses operating
  - Inductive charging stations needed for longer runs
- Can VTA system be expanded long term?
- Can school bus system be electrified by 2030?



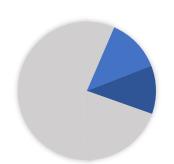
## Possibilities and Challenges Off-Road Vehicles





- ORVs are a diverse collection of working vehicles:
  - Excavators, loaders, farm tractors, garden tractors, transporters, UTVs, and ATVs
  - Challenging education and awareness task
- All of these are available in early electric versions in smaller, lighter sizes, but penetration is low.
- Charging is an issue, as equipment is often left at work sites.

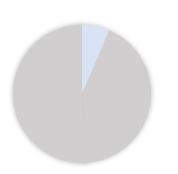
## Possibilities and Challenges Maritime



- Hybrid and battery electric ferries in use today in Scandinav
  - Limits to range and/or capacity, but close to MV requirements
- Washington State Ferries commitment for all-hybrid by 2040
- Primary issue for SSA will be to raise large amount of capital
- Minimal industrial commitment to other maritime applications
- Lifecycles for recreational boats >30 years
- Alternative fuels and more efficient engines are probably best solution in next two decades



# Possibilities and Challenges Aviation





- Most of fossil fuel consumed on MV is jet fuel
  - Not much industrial work in electrifying this performance category
- Cape Air has agreement to be lead customer to Eviation Alice electric plane
- Median age of small private prop aircraft ~ 40 years
- Alternative fuels and more efficient engines are probably best solution in next two decades

#### Goals and Scenarios

• Goal:

■ Renewable electric power: 50% by 2030, 100% by 2040

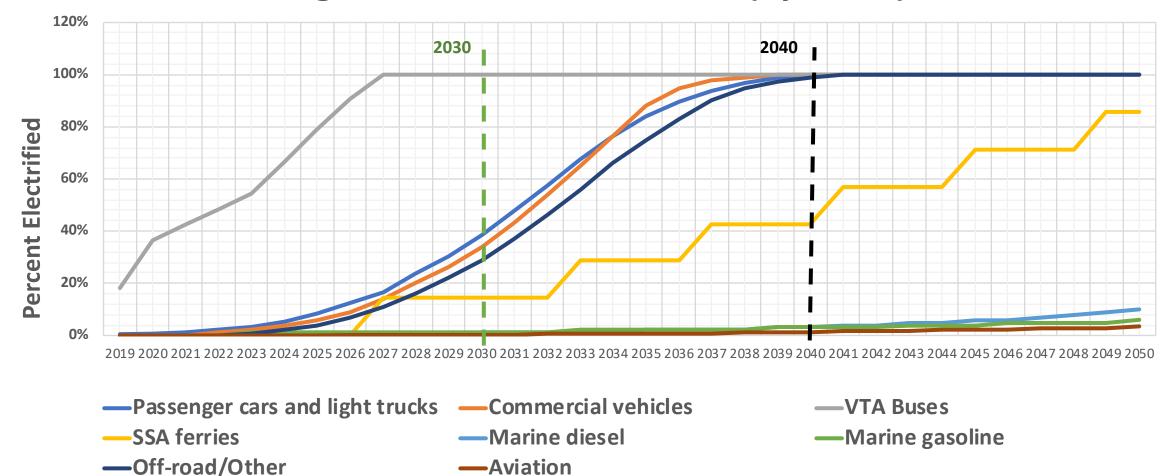
■ Replacing fossil fuels by electricity: 50% by 2030, 100% by 2040

- Possible scenarios include:
  - Business as Usual: Island follows US or MA pathways and rates
  - Optimistic: Island takes extra actions and moves more rapidly toward our energy goals
  - Very Optimistic: Island takes more actions and moves rapidly enough to meet energy goals
- Starting with *Very Optimistic*, to test the goal

### "Very Optimistic" Scenario

#### **EV** Penetration

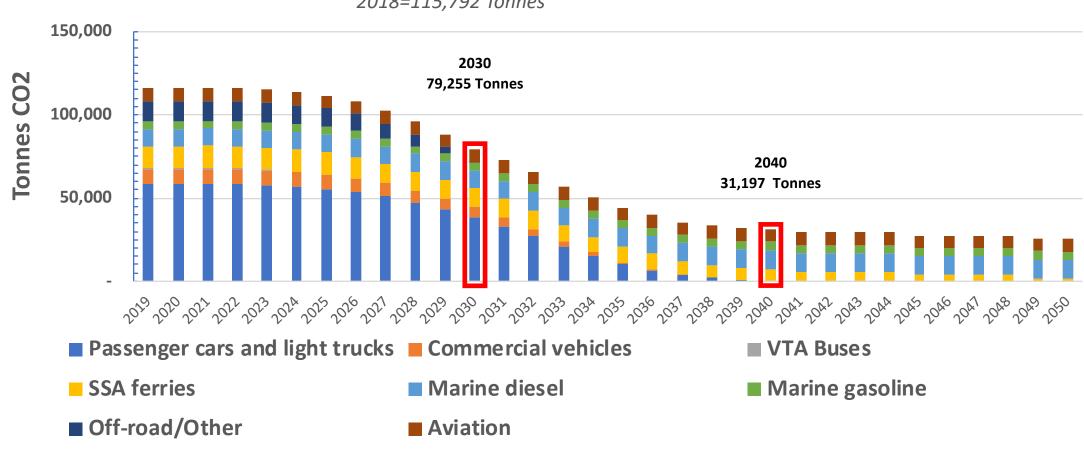
#### **Progress Toward Electrification (by Mode)**



# "Very Optimistic" Scenario CO<sub>2</sub> Reduction

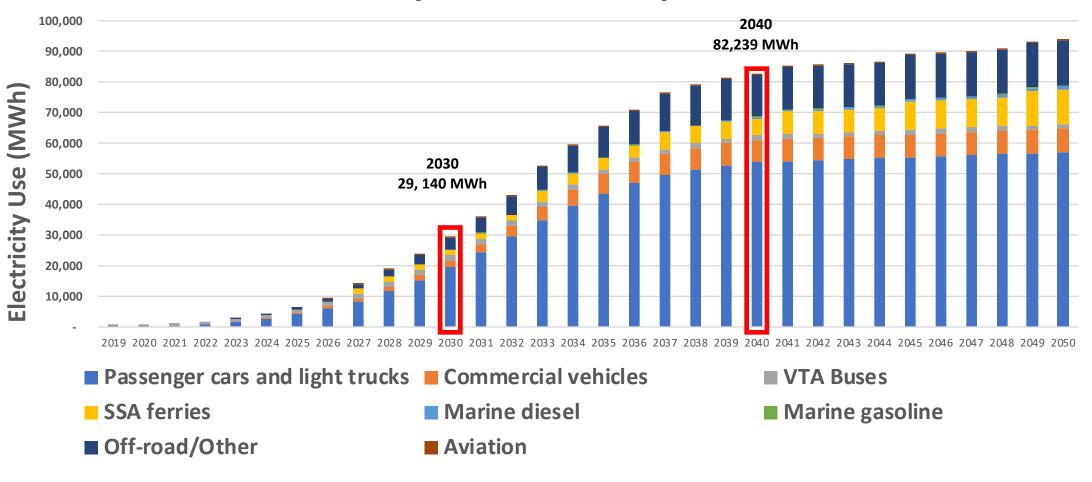
#### **CO<sub>2</sub> Emissions from Transportation**

2018=115,792 Tonnes



# "Very Optimistic" Scenario Increased Demand for Electricity

#### **Electricity Used for Transportation**



#### **Conclusions:**

- Global trends will mostly determine ability to rapidly reduce fossil fuel consumption
  - Government and industrial commitment to reduce emissions
  - Progress on compelling low-emission vehicles, vessels, and aircraft
  - Global price of crude oil
  - The pace of global economic recovery
- Martha's Vineyard can be be in front of the wave by doing the following:
  - Education, education, education.
  - Reduce travel, and travel more efficiently
  - Provide local incentives to residents and visitors for EV usage.
  - Development of a strategy for public EV charging stations.
  - A commitment to invest in mass transit on land, and in the SSA.
  - Work with Eversource to prepare the Island electric grid.

## Appendix

### Assumptions for "Very Optimistic" Scenario

- Population growth of 0.6% per year, driving transportation demand by a similar percentage.
- Constant transportation miles travelled per capita per year.
- Continued global industrialization of electric vehicles/vessels for all modes of transportation.
- Commitments by governments and industries to continue or accelerate incentives for some period of transition time.
- No significant breakthrough in electric aviation for large commercial passenger airplanes.
- Eversource evolves the Island electric grid to meet the new demand for electric transportation.
- Continually increasing availability of electrical capacity from renewable sources, including offshore wind and Island-based solar.

## "Very Optimistic" Scenario EV Penetration

Sector	2030 % Electrified	2040 % Electrified
Light Vehicles	38%	100%
Commercial Vehicles	34%	100%
Mass Transit	100%	100%
Off-Road	29%	100%
Maritime	SSA – 14% Other Maritime – 1%	SSA – 34% Other Maritime – 3%
Aviation	<1%	1%